

How many litres of blood in the human body

The Crimson Current: Unveiling the Mysteries of Human Blood Volume

(Opening Scene: A close-up shot of a vibrant red drop of blood pulsing under a microscope. A voiceover begins, hushed and intriguing.) The human body, a marvel of intricate design, is a symphony of systems working in perfect harmony. One of the most vital of these systems, often overlooked in its quiet efficiency, is the circulatory system. Within its complex network flows a mysterious crimson liquid, the very essence of life itself: blood. But how much of this vital fluid coursing through our veins and arteries? What secrets does its volume hold? Join us as we delve into the fascinating world of blood volume, exploring its function, its variability, and the crucial role it plays in maintaining our health. **(Scene transitions to a montage of diverse human activities: running, sleeping, working, laughing.)** The amount of blood circulating within our bodies isn't a fixed number. It varies from person to person, influenced by a myriad of factors. While a general estimate exists, the exact volume is a dynamic equation. Understanding this variability is key to comprehending our unique biological makeup and how our bodies react to different conditions.

The Dynamic Duo: Volume and Viscosity

(Cut to a diagram illustrating the blood's journey through the circulatory system.) The volume of blood in a healthy adult human typically ranges between 4.7 and 5.5 liters. This figure, though an average, is significantly impacted by factors like age, gender, body size, and overall health.

Factors Influencing Blood Volume

- **Age:** Blood volume tends to increase during childhood and adolescence, reaching a plateau in adulthood before potentially declining slightly with age.
- **Sex:** Females, on average, have slightly lower blood volumes than males due to differences in body composition.
- **Body Size:** A larger individual will naturally have a greater blood volume to serve the increased tissue demands of their body.
- **Fluid Intake:** Dehydration drastically reduces blood volume, leading to decreased blood pressure and potential health complications. Conversely, excessive fluid intake can impact blood volume as well, though in different ways.
- **Health Conditions:** Conditions like anemia, dehydration, and certain blood disorders can significantly alter blood volume. **(Scene: A doctor examining a patient's bloodwork.)** Consider the case of a marathon runner, whose body, through consistent physical exertion, has adapted to efficiently distribute blood. The runner's blood volume might be higher than that of a sedentary individual to meet the increased oxygen demands during exercise. Alternatively, someone experiencing severe dehydration, like a hiker lost in the desert, will have a lower blood volume that poses significant risks to their health.

Beyond the Numbers: Blood's Vital Roles

(Cut to a microscopic view of blood cells interacting.) Blood, far from simply being a fluid, is a complex suspension of cells – red blood cells (erythrocytes) crucial for oxygen transport, white blood cells (leukocytes)

combating infections, and platelets (thrombocytes) critical in blood clotting. Each cell type plays a specific role in maintaining our overall health and well-being.

The Circulation Symphony

Blood's volume is not merely a matter of quantity; it's a crucial element in maintaining the complex circulatory system. This system delivers oxygen and nutrients to tissues, removes waste products, and regulates body temperature. A disruption in blood volume can have serious consequences. **(Example: Animation of a blood clot obstructing an artery.)** A severe drop in blood volume can result in a critical condition called hypovolemia. This can be caused by significant blood loss, severe dehydration, or certain illnesses. Conversely, an excessive increase in blood volume can result from fluid retention and certain medical conditions. Both situations necessitate immediate medical intervention to restore homeostasis and ensure the efficient functioning of the circulatory system. **(Scene: A montage of medical procedures and equipment used to monitor blood volume and pressure.)**

Case Studies: Understanding the Variations

(Cut to a series of interviews with medical professionals.) (Case Study 1: Blood Loss) Imagine a car accident victim. The extent of blood loss directly impacts their blood volume, which in turn impacts their ability to transport oxygen and other vital substances to their tissues. **(Case Study 2: Dehydration)** A hiker traversing a challenging desert trail without adequate water intake faces a significant drop in blood volume. This can lead to dizziness, fatigue, and potentially, life-threatening complications. **(Case Study 3: Blood Donation)** Regular blood donations, in controlled settings, help maintain a healthy blood supply but are not without effect on blood volume. These examples highlight the clinical significance of understanding blood volume fluctuations. Monitoring blood volume is a crucial aspect of diagnosing and treating various medical conditions.

Insights & Conclusion

(Scene: A panoramic view of the human body, emphasizing the delicate balance within.) Understanding the precise amount of blood in our bodies is a testament to the complexity of our inner workings. While the exact volume may vary, it's crucial to recognize the crucial role it plays in maintaining a healthy and balanced body. The volume is a dynamically maintained variable, adapting to our needs. The blood is more than just fluid; it's the lifeblood of our system. **(Voiceover, reflecting and insightful.)** Blood volume is a dynamic aspect of human biology, shaped by a symphony of interactions between genetic predisposition, lifestyle choices, and environmental factors. Its variation reflects the adaptability and resilience of the human body.

Advanced FAQs

1. **How is blood volume measured clinically?** 2. *What are the long-term health consequences of consistently low blood volume?* 3. **How does blood volume change during pregnancy and why?** 4. **How does exercise affect blood volume over time and why?** 5. What's the relationship between blood volume, blood pressure, and overall cardiovascular health?

How Many Litres of Blood in the Human Body? Unveiling the Vital Fluid

Ever stopped to wonder about the incredible, life-sustaining fluid coursing through your veins? Blood. It's more than just a red substance; it's a complex transport system, a vital component of our immune defense, and a silent powerhouse keeping us alive and kicking. One of the most common questions that pops into our minds, especially when we think about first aid or medical procedures, is a simple yet profound one: **how many litres of blood in the human body?**

It's a question that sparks curiosity, and the answer isn't a one-size-fits-all number. Like many things in our wonderfully diverse human makeup, the volume of blood can vary from person to person. But don't worry, we're going to dive deep into this fascinating topic, exploring the factors that influence blood volume, the average amounts, and why this vital fluid is so crucial for our survival. So, grab a cuppa, settle in, and let's unravel the mystery of blood volume!

The Average Blood Volume: A General Guideline

So, let's get straight to the heart of the matter (pun intended!). On average, an adult human body contains approximately **5 to 6 litres of blood**. This might sound like a lot, but when you consider the intricate network of blood vessels – arteries, veins, and capillaries – spanning over 60,000 miles within you, it starts to make sense.

This 5-6 litre range is a good general benchmark. However, it's important to remember that this is an average. Think of it like height; some people are taller, some are shorter, but there's a typical range. The same applies to blood volume. Several factors play a significant role in determining how much blood an individual carries.

Factors Influencing Blood Volume

The volume of blood within your body isn't static. It's a dynamic system that adjusts based on a variety of physiological factors. Let's break down the key players:

1. Body Weight and Size: The Most Significant Factor

This is arguably the most influential factor. Larger individuals, with more muscle mass and a greater overall body mass, will naturally have a higher blood volume. Conversely, smaller individuals will have less. Doctors often estimate blood volume as a percentage of body weight. For a typical adult, blood accounts for about **7-8% of their total body weight**. So, a 70kg (approximately 154 lbs) person would have roughly 5-6 litres of blood ($70 \text{ kg} \times 0.08 = 5.6 \text{ kg}$, and since blood's density is close to water, approximately 5.6 litres).

This principle applies across the board, from the smallest adult to the largest. It's a fundamental aspect of mammalian physiology. Understanding this relationship helps healthcare professionals quickly estimate blood loss or fluid needs in various medical scenarios.

2. Sex: Subtle Differences in Blood Volume

While not as dramatic as the difference based on body size, there are some general differences in blood volume between adult males and females. On average, adult males tend to have a slightly higher blood volume than adult females, even when accounting for body size differences. This is often attributed to differences in muscle

mass and body composition.

However, it's crucial to reiterate that this is a generalization. A very fit, muscular woman could have more blood than a less active man of the same weight. The percentage of body weight remains a more accurate indicator.

3. Age: From Birth to Adulthood

Blood volume changes significantly throughout our lives. A newborn baby, for instance, has a relatively higher blood volume compared to their body weight than an adult. A term infant typically has about **80-90 ml of blood per kilogram of body weight**. This is vital for their rapid growth and development.

As we grow into childhood and adolescence, this ratio gradually shifts towards the adult average. The adult figure of 7-8% of body weight is achieved during adulthood and generally remains consistent unless other factors intervene.

4. Altitude and Acclimatization: Adapting to Lower Oxygen Levels

This is a fascinating aspect of blood volume regulation. When people live at high altitudes, where oxygen levels are lower, their bodies adapt by increasing red blood cell production. This leads to a higher concentration of red blood cells, and consequently, the body may increase its overall blood volume to compensate and deliver oxygen more efficiently to tissues. This is a remarkable example of human adaptability.

Conversely, for someone who has been living at high altitude and then descends to sea level, their body may gradually adjust its blood volume back down over time.

5. Hydration Levels: A Fluctuating Factor

Your hydration status can also temporarily affect your blood volume. When you're well-hydrated, your blood plasma volume is higher, leading to a slightly greater overall blood volume. Conversely, dehydration can decrease plasma volume, reducing your total blood volume. This is why staying hydrated is essential for overall health and bodily functions, including maintaining optimal blood circulation.

6. Medical Conditions and Medications: When the Body Deviates

Certain medical conditions can significantly impact blood volume. For example:

1. **Anemia:** In various forms of anemia, the body doesn't produce enough red blood cells, which can lead to a lower blood volume or at least a reduced capacity for oxygen transport within the existing volume.
2. **Polycythemia:** This condition involves an overproduction of red blood cells, leading to a higher blood viscosity and potentially an increased blood volume.
3. **Heart Failure:** In some cases of heart failure, the body may retain more fluid, leading to an increase in overall blood volume.
4. **Kidney Disease:** The kidneys play a crucial role in regulating fluid balance, and kidney disease can lead to imbalances in blood volume.

Furthermore, certain medications, like diuretics, are designed to reduce fluid retention and can therefore affect blood volume.

The Incredible Functions of Blood: Why Volume Matters

Now that we have a clearer picture of **how many litres of blood in the human body**, let's briefly touch upon why this vital fluid is so indispensable. Its volume is directly related to its ability to perform its critical functions:

1. Oxygen and Nutrient Transport: The Delivery Service

This is perhaps the most well-known function. Red blood cells, carrying hemoglobin, pick up oxygen in the lungs and deliver it to every cell in your body. Simultaneously, blood transports essential nutrients absorbed from the digestive system to where they are needed for energy, growth, and repair.

2. Waste Removal: The Cleanup Crew

Blood also acts as a transport system for waste products. Carbon dioxide, a byproduct of cellular respiration, is carried from the tissues back to the lungs to be exhaled. Other metabolic wastes are transported to the kidneys and liver for filtration and excretion.

3. Immune Defense: The Bodyguard

White blood cells, a crucial component of blood, are the soldiers of our immune system. They patrol the body, identifying and destroying pathogens like bacteria, viruses, and fungi, and removing damaged cells.

4. Hormone and Chemical Transport: The Communication Network

Blood carries hormones, signaling molecules that regulate a vast array of bodily functions, from growth and metabolism to mood and reproduction. It also transports other vital chemicals and enzymes throughout the body.

5. Temperature Regulation: Keeping You Comfortable

Blood helps to distribute heat throughout the body. When you're hot, blood vessels near the skin surface dilate to release heat, and when you're cold, they constrict to conserve heat. This helps maintain a stable core body temperature.

6. Clotting and Hemostasis: The Repair Crew

Platelets and clotting factors in the blood work together to stop bleeding when a blood vessel is injured. This process, known as hemostasis, prevents excessive blood loss and is vital for wound healing.

What Happens if You Lose Too Much Blood?

Understanding blood volume is also critical when considering blood loss, or hemorrhage. The human body is remarkably resilient, but there are limits. Significant blood loss can lead to:

1. **Hypovolemic Shock:** This is a life-threatening condition that occurs when the body loses a significant amount of blood or fluid. The decreased blood volume leads to a drop in blood pressure and the body's inability to deliver enough oxygen to its organs.
2. **Organ Damage:** Without adequate blood flow, organs like the brain, heart, and kidneys can be starved of

oxygen, leading to damage and potential failure.

3. **Anemia:** Even after initial recovery from acute blood loss, if not properly replenished, chronic anemia can set in, characterized by fatigue and weakness due to a lack of red blood cells.

The amount of blood loss that becomes critical varies depending on the individual's health, age, and the rate of loss. However, losing even 15-20% of total blood volume can have serious consequences.

Measuring Blood Volume: How Do We Know?

So, how do doctors and researchers determine blood volume? While the 5-6 litre average is widely cited, precise measurement in clinical settings is not always routine. However, when necessary, several methods can be employed:

1. Indicator Dilution Techniques: The Dye Method

This is a common method where a known quantity of a dye (like Evans blue) or a radioactive isotope is injected into the bloodstream. The dye or isotope mixes with the blood, and its concentration is measured over time. By calculating how much the concentration has diluted, the total blood volume can be estimated.

2. Formulas Based on Body Measurements

As mentioned earlier, doctors often use formulas that estimate blood volume based on a person's weight, height, sex, and sometimes even body surface area. These provide a quick and reasonably accurate estimate for most clinical situations.

3. Indirect Measurements

In some cases, blood volume can be inferred from other measurements, such as the rate of red blood cell production or clearance, or by assessing plasma volume. However, these are often more complex and used in research settings.

Conclusion: A Vital Reservoir

In conclusion, the question of **how many litres of blood in the human body** reveals a fascinating interplay of physiology. While the average adult carries between 5 to 6 litres, this number is influenced by a multitude of factors, including body weight, sex, age, and even environmental conditions. This remarkable fluid is a testament to the complexity and efficiency of the human body, constantly working to keep us alive, healthy, and functioning.

From delivering oxygen to fighting off invaders, blood is the unsung hero within us. So, the next time you think about your health, remember the incredible volume of this vital fluid and the indispensable role it plays in every single beat of your heart.

Understanding the Volume: The Blood Volume in the Human Body

Blood is often described as the body's life-sustaining fluid, responsible for transporting oxygen, nutrients,

hormones, and waste products throughout the body. One frequently asked question among health enthusiasts and medical learners alike is how much blood resides within a typical human system. The answer, though seemingly simple, varies depending on individual physiology and plays a crucial role in maintaining overall health. The average adult human body contains approximately 4.5 to 5.5 liters of blood, with precise measurements influenced by factors such as age, sex, body size, and overall health. For example, men typically have a higher blood volume than women, averaging around 5.5 liters, while adult women generally range between 4.5 to 5 liters. These values reflect the body's need to efficiently sustain metabolic demands and support vital organ function.

Blood volume is not uniformly distributed; it is composed of plasma and formed elements such as red blood cells, white blood cells, and platelets. Plasma alone makes up roughly 55% of total blood volume, acting as a transport medium for nutrients, gases, and proteins. The remaining 45% consists of cellular components, with red blood cells being the most abundant, playing a central role in oxygen delivery. Understanding this composition helps illuminate how blood volume affects circulation efficiency and responses to physiological stress.

The significance of knowing blood volume extends beyond curiosity—this knowledge has tangible medical and clinical applications. Healthcare providers use blood volume estimates to guide fluid therapy during surgeries, manage anemia, assess circulatory stability in shock or trauma, and optimize transfusion decisions. Accurate assessment ensures that patients receive appropriate volumes of intravenous fluids or blood products, minimizing risks of under- or over-resuscitation.

From a research perspective, variations in blood volume contribute to insights in physiology, pathology, and personalized medicine. For instance, conditions such as polycythemia or hemolytic anemia alter normal blood volumes and impact treatment strategies. Ongoing studies explore how blood volume dynamics influence exercise performance, pregnancy adaptations, and age-related changes, offering opportunities to tailor medical care more precisely.

Looking ahead, the future of blood volume assessment is evolving with advances in diagnostic technology. Non-invasive imaging, bioimpedance analysis, and wearable sensors are emerging tools that may soon allow real-time, continuous monitoring of blood volume, enhancing early detection of imbalances and improving patient outcomes. As our understanding deepens, so too does our ability to maintain optimal circulatory health and respond proactively to critical conditions.

In summary, the volume of blood within the human body is a vital metric shaped by complex biological factors. Recognizing its average range, composition, and clinical relevance empowers both patients and professionals to appreciate its role in sustaining life and advancing healthcare innovation.

How Many Litres of Blood in the Human Body? Unveiling the Vital Fluid

The human body, a marvel of biological engineering, relies on a constant circulatory flow of a vital fluid – blood. This crimson elixir, far more than just a transport system, is the lifeblood that nourishes every cell, fights off invaders, and maintains our internal equilibrium. But have you ever paused to wonder, precisely **how many litres of blood are in the human body?**

This isn't a question with a single, simple answer. The volume of blood within an individual is a dynamic figure,

influenced by a fascinating interplay of physiological factors. From the smallest child to the most robust adult, and across the spectrum of genders and body compositions, the amount of blood flowing through our veins and arteries can vary significantly. Understanding these variations and the reasons behind them offers a deeper appreciation for the intricate workings of our circulatory system.

The Average Blood Volume: A General Guideline

When discussing **blood volume in humans**, a general average is often cited. For an adult male, the typical blood volume hovers around 5 to 6 litres. Adult females, on average, tend to have slightly less, with a range of 4 to 5 litres.

These figures represent the cumulative volume of red blood cells, white blood cells, platelets, and plasma that constitute the entirety of our circulating blood. It's a substantial amount, considering the relatively small space our circulatory system occupies within our bodies. This constant circulation, propelled by the tireless beat of our heart, ensures that oxygen and nutrients reach even the most remote tissues, while waste products are efficiently removed.

Factors Influencing Blood Volume: It's Not One-Size-Fits-All

The seemingly simple question of **how much blood is in a human body** quickly reveals its complexity when we delve into the individual variations. Several key factors play a significant role:

Body Weight: The Primary Determinant

Perhaps the most significant factor influencing blood volume is body weight. Larger individuals, with a greater overall mass, naturally require more blood to supply their larger frame with oxygen and nutrients. A common rule of thumb used in medical settings is that blood volume constitutes approximately 7% to 8% of a person's total body weight.

To illustrate, consider an individual weighing 70 kilograms. Using the 7% figure, they would have approximately 4.9 litres of blood. If another individual weighs 100 kilograms, their blood volume could be around 7 to 8 litres. This relationship highlights the adaptive nature of our circulatory system, expanding or contracting its blood volume to meet the demands of our physical size.

Body Composition: Muscle vs. Fat

Beyond just total weight, body composition also plays a subtle role. Muscle tissue is metabolically more active than adipose (fat) tissue, meaning it requires a greater supply of oxygen and nutrients. Consequently, individuals with a higher proportion of muscle mass may have a slightly higher blood volume compared to someone of the same weight but with a higher percentage of body fat. This is because the more active tissues need a more robust circulatory network to function optimally.

Sex: Biological Differences

As mentioned earlier, there's a general difference in average blood volume between males and females. This is primarily attributed to average differences in body size and composition. Adult males, on average, are larger and have more muscle mass than adult females, leading to a higher typical blood volume. Hormonal differences also

contribute, with testosterone, more prevalent in males, stimulating increased red blood cell production, which in turn influences total blood volume.

Age: The Journey from Infancy to Adulthood

The amount of blood in the human body undergoes significant changes throughout our lifespan. Newborns have a relatively large blood volume for their size, typically around 80-85 millilitres per kilogram of body weight. As a child grows, their blood volume increases proportionally to their expanding body size and developing organs. By adulthood, the volume settles into the ranges mentioned previously.

The physiological demands of growth and development in children necessitate a robust blood supply. As we age, while the total volume might remain relatively stable in healthy adults, certain age-related changes can affect blood circulation and the efficiency of blood production. Understanding these age-related shifts is crucial for healthcare professionals.

Pregnancy: A Significant Increase

Pregnancy is a remarkable period of physiological adaptation, and one of the most dramatic changes is the significant increase in blood volume. To support the growing fetus, the placenta, and the mother's increased metabolic demands, a woman's blood volume can increase by 30% to 50% during pregnancy. This surge, often starting around the sixth week of gestation and peaking in the final weeks, ensures adequate oxygen and nutrient delivery to the developing baby.

This increase is primarily due to a rise in plasma volume, although red blood cell production also increases. The expanded circulatory system helps manage the increased workload and prepares the body for potential blood loss during childbirth. The postpartum period sees a gradual return to pre-pregnancy blood volume levels.

Altitude: Adapting to Lower Oxygen Levels

Living at higher altitudes, where the atmospheric pressure is lower and oxygen levels are reduced, can stimulate the body to produce more red blood cells. This process, known as acclimatization, increases the oxygen-carrying capacity of the blood, helping the body compensate for the thinner air. Over time, individuals who live at high altitudes may have a slightly higher total blood volume or a higher concentration of red blood cells within their blood.

Hydration Levels: A Temporary Influence

While not a permanent factor, hydration levels can temporarily influence the apparent volume of blood. Dehydration can lead to a reduction in plasma volume, making the blood more concentrated. Conversely, being well-hydrated can increase plasma volume, potentially making the blood slightly less viscous. However, the body has sophisticated mechanisms to regulate fluid balance, ensuring that these fluctuations don't significantly impact overall blood circulation under normal circumstances.

The Composition of Blood: More Than Just Red

It's important to remember that the **litres of blood in a human body** are comprised of several key components, each with crucial functions:

Plasma: The Liquid Matrix

Plasma, a yellowish, liquid component, makes up about 55% of blood volume. It's primarily composed of water (about 92%), but also contains dissolved proteins (like albumin, antibodies, and clotting factors), glucose, electrolytes, hormones, and waste products. Plasma's role is to transport these substances throughout the body.

Red Blood Cells (Erythrocytes): The Oxygen Carriers

These are the most abundant cells in the blood, responsible for carrying oxygen from the lungs to the tissues and carbon dioxide from the tissues back to the lungs. A crucial protein within red blood cells, hemoglobin, binds to oxygen.

White Blood Cells (Leukocytes): The Immune Defenders

White blood cells are the soldiers of our immune system, fighting off infections and diseases. There are various types of white blood cells, each with specialized roles in defending the body.

Platelets (Thrombocytes): The Clotting Agents

These small cell fragments play a vital role in hemostasis, the process of stopping bleeding. When a blood vessel is injured, platelets aggregate at the site and help form a clot.

Measuring Blood Volume: Clinical Significance

Understanding **how many litres of blood a human has** is not just an academic curiosity; it holds significant clinical importance. In medical settings, particularly during surgery, trauma, or in cases of severe blood loss (hemorrhage), accurately estimating a patient's blood volume is critical for managing fluid resuscitation and blood transfusions.

Medical professionals use various methods to estimate blood volume, including:

1. **Weight-based estimations:** As discussed, using the 7-8% of body weight rule.
2. **Dilution techniques:** Injecting a known volume of a tracer substance into the bloodstream and measuring its dilution over time to calculate the total blood volume.
3. **Hematocrit and Hemoglobin measurements:** These blood tests provide information about the red blood cell concentration, which can be used in conjunction with other data to estimate volume.

The ability to accurately assess and manage blood volume is paramount in saving lives and ensuring optimal patient outcomes. A sudden and significant drop in blood volume can lead to hypovolemic shock, a life-threatening condition where the body's organs don't receive enough blood and oxygen.

The Ever-Flowing River of Life

In conclusion, the question of **how many litres of blood in the human body** doesn't yield a single numerical answer but rather a range, a testament to the dynamic and adaptive nature of our physiology. From the average adult male carrying around 5-6 litres to the pregnant woman experiencing a dramatic surge, and influenced by factors like weight, sex, age, and even altitude, our blood volume is a constantly adjusted vital resource.

This complex system, comprising plasma, red blood cells, white blood cells, and platelets, works tirelessly to

sustain life, deliver essential components, and defend against threats. So, the next time you think about your body, remember the incredible amount of this vital fluid that keeps you going – a constantly circulating, life-sustaining river within.

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Questions & Answers About how many litres of blood in the human body

No	Question	Answer
1	So, how much blood are we actually talking about in an adult human?	On average, an adult human body contains about 4.5 to 5.5 liters of blood. This can vary slightly depending on factors like body weight and sex.
2	Does body weight significantly affect the amount of blood a person has?	Yes, body weight is a primary factor. Larger individuals generally have more blood to circulate oxygen and nutrients to their larger mass.
3	What's the ballpark figure for blood volume in children?	Children have less blood than adults, typically around 70-80 ml per kilogram of body weight. So, the total volume will be considerably less than in an adult.
4	Can the amount of blood in my body change throughout the day?	While the total volume is relatively stable, minor fluctuations can occur. For instance, dehydration can temporarily reduce blood volume.
5	If I donate blood, how much is typically taken and how does my body replenish it?	A standard blood donation is usually about 1 pint, which is roughly 0.47 liters. Your body can replenish this volume within 24-48 hours by drawing fluid from other tissues.

how much blood in human body litres, normal blood volume in litres, human blood volume per litre, how many liters of blood in human body, blood capacity in human body liters, average blood volume by litre measurement, blood quantity per person in litres, blood volume facts in liters, how many liters of blood do humans have, blood volume standards liters

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